

## Skills Check

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation by taking square roots.

1)  $-9 - 7r^2 = -128$

$$-7r^2 = -119$$

$$r^2 = 17$$

$$r = \pm\sqrt{17}$$

Solve each equation by factoring.

2)  $(8n - 1)(n + 2) = 0$

$$8n - 1 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8n &= 1 \\ n &= \frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$n + 2 = 0$$

$$n = -2$$

3)  $p^2 + 5p - 3 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} p^2 + 5p - 3 &= 0 \\ (p+6)(p-1) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p + 6 &= 0 & p - 1 &= 0 \\ p &= -6 & p &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

4)  $v^2 = 6v$

$$\begin{aligned} v^2 - 6v &= 0 \\ v(v-6) &= 0 \\ v &= 0 & v &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

Solve each equation by completing the square. You must use this method.

5)  $r^2 + 6r + 5 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} r^2 + 6r &= -5 \\ r^2 + 6r + 9 &= -5 + 9 \\ (r+3)^2 &= 4 \\ r+3 &= \pm 2 \\ r &= -3 + 2 = \boxed{5} \\ r &= -3 - 2 = \boxed{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p^2 - 4p &= -8 \\ p^2 - 4p + 4 &= -8 + 4 \\ (p-2)^2 &= -4 \\ p-2 &= \pm 2i \\ p &= 2 \pm 2i \end{aligned}$$

6)  $p^2 - 4p + 8 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} n^2 + 2n + 10 &= 1 \\ n^2 + 2n + 1 &= -9 + 1 \\ (n+1)^2 &= -8 \\ n+1 &= \pm 2i\sqrt{2} \\ n &= -1 \pm 2i\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 6x &= -8 \\ x^2 - 6x + 9 &= -8 + 9 \\ (x-3)^2 &= 1 \\ x-3 &= \pm 1 \\ x &= 3 \pm 1 \end{aligned}$$

7)  $n^2 + 2n + 10 = 1$

8)  $x^2 - 5x + 5 = x - 3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{and } x &= 3+1 \\ x &= 3-1 \\ x &= 4+2 \end{aligned}$$

Simplify

$$9.2 \pm \sqrt{-16}$$

$$10. 4 \pm 2\sqrt{18} \rightarrow 4 \pm 2 \cdot 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$11. \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-28}}{4} = \frac{-2 \pm 2i\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ \swarrow \\ 47 \\ A \\ \circlearrowleft 22 \end{array}$$

$$9. 2 \pm 4i$$

$$10. 4 \pm 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$11. -\frac{1 \pm i\sqrt{7}}{2}$$

True or False

$$12. (x+2)^2 = x^2 + 2^2$$

$$(2x+3)(2x+3)$$

$$13. 3 \pm 7\sqrt{2} = 10\sqrt{2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{4x^2 + 6x + 6x + 9}}$$

$$14. (2x+3)^2 = 2x^2 + 12x + 9$$

15. If the vertex of a quadratic is (3,5), then the axis of symmetry is  $y = 5$ .

12. False

13. False

14. False

15. False  $x=3$

MUST SHOW WORK!

16. Find the y-intercept of  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 18$

16.

$$f(0) = 0^2 + 3(0) - 18$$

$$= -18 \quad (0, -18)$$

17. Find the x-intercepts of the graph by factoring.

17.

$$f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 18$$

$$= (x+6)(x-3)$$

$$x = -6 \quad +3$$

x int:

$$(-6, 0)$$

$$(3, 0)$$

18. Draw a sketch of the graph based on your answers for 16-17.

